

STIC  
SEARCH

10/771652

=> fil reg

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09-18-06

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 17 SEP 2006 HIGHEST RN 907180-17-0  
DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 17 SEP 2006 HIGHEST RN 907180-17-0

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experimental property data in the original document. For information  
on property searching in REGISTRY, refer to:

<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html>

=> d l15 ide can tot

L15 ANSWER 1 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
RN 731002-35-0 REGISTRY  
ED Entered STN: 23 Aug 2004  
CN Cyclo[glycyl-( $\beta$ S)- $\beta$ -methyl-L-phenylalanyl-O-(4-O- $\alpha$ -D-  
mannopyranosyl- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl)-D-tyrosyl-(3S)-3-[(4S)-2-amino-  
4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl]-L-seryl-(3R)-3-[(5S)-2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1-  
 $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl-1H-imidazol-5-yl]-D-seryl-L-seryl],  
bis(trifluoroacetate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH  
MF C54 H78 N12 O25 . 2 C2 H F3 O2  
SR CA  
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT

PRIORITY

04/25/2005

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

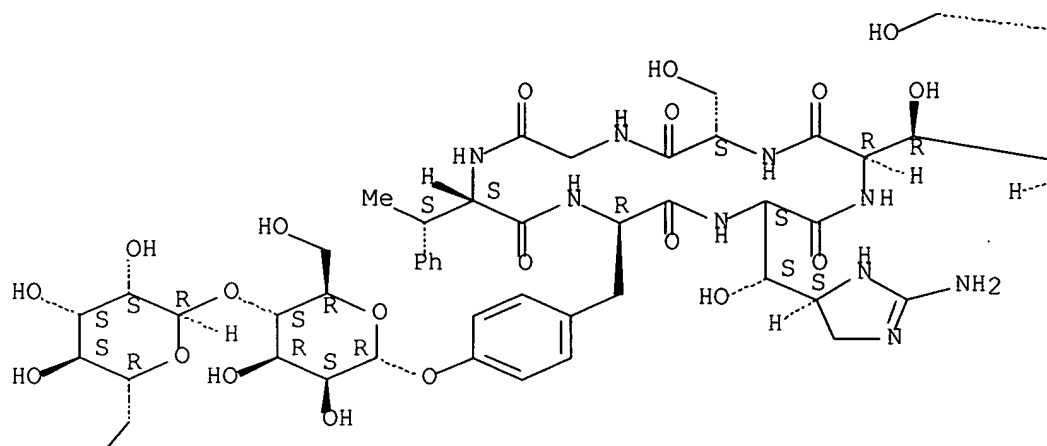
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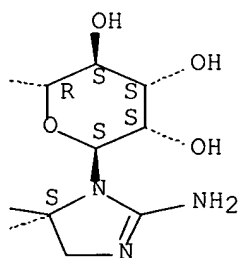
\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



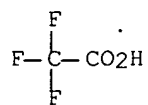
PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1

CMF C2 H F3 O2



2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)  
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 142:6727

REFERENCE 2: 141:157463

L15 ANSWER 2 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN 609337-21-5 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 27 Oct 2003

CN Cyclo[glycyl-( $\beta$ S)- $\beta$ -methyl-L-phenylalanyl-O-(4-O- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl)-D-tyrosyl-(3S)-3-[(4S)-2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl]-L-seryl-(3R)-3-[(5S)-2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl-1H-imidazol-5-yl]-D-seryl-L-seryl], dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH

MF C54 H78 N12 O25 . 2 Cl H

SR CA

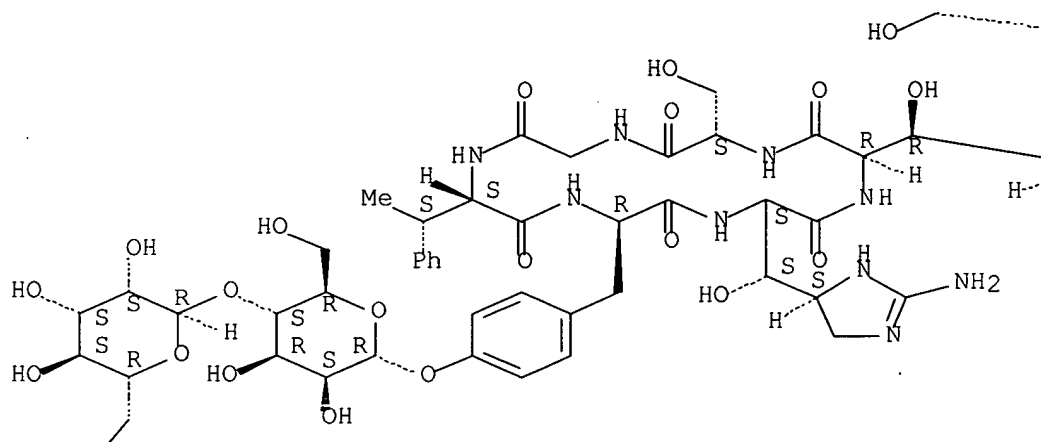
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT

CRN (464875-69-2)

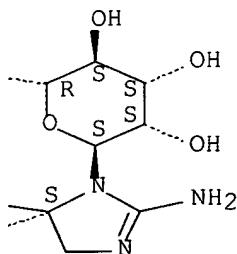
\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



HO

●2 HCl

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REFERENCE 2: 139:292472

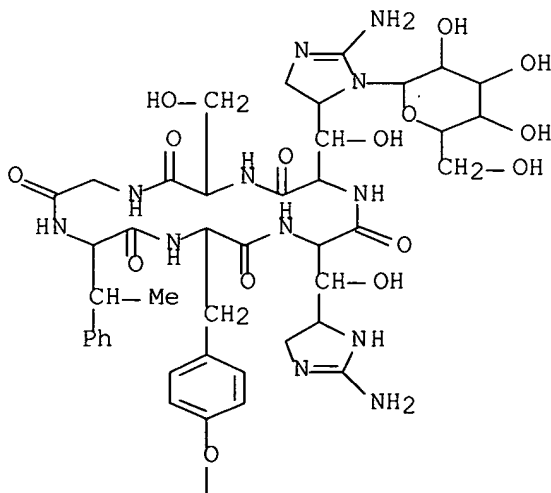
L15 ANSWER 3 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 RN 474328-98-8 REGISTRY  
 ED Entered STN: 22 Nov 2002  
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 hexopyranosylhexopyranosyl)tyrosyl-3-(2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-  
 yl)seryl-3-(2-amino-1-hexopyranosyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-5-  
 yl)seryl], bis(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
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 DR 474331-48-1  
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 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

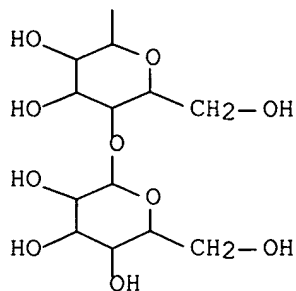
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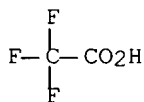
\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*





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CRN 76-05-1  
CMF C2 H F3 O2



2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)  
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:338136

REFERENCE 2: 137:336791

L15 ANSWER 4 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN 474328-87-5 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 22 Nov 2002

CN Cyclo[glycyl-β-methylphenylalanyl-O-(4-O-hexopyranosylhexopyranosyl)tyrosyl-3-(2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl)seryl-3-(2-amino-1-hexopyranosyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-5-yl)seryl], dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE

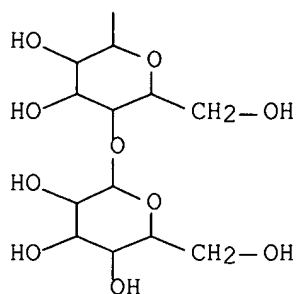
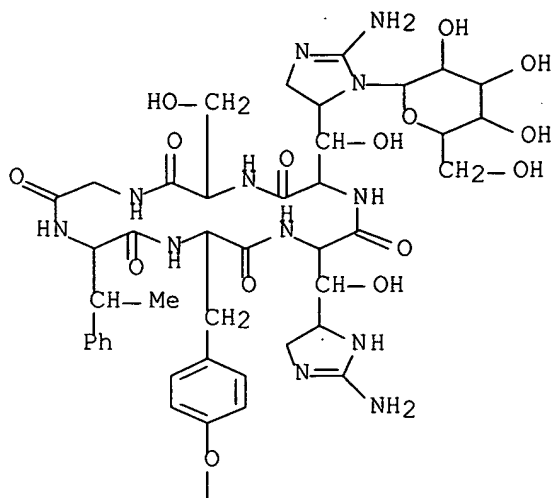
MF C54 H78 N12 O25 . 2 Cl H

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

CRN (474327-82-7)

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*



● 2 HCl

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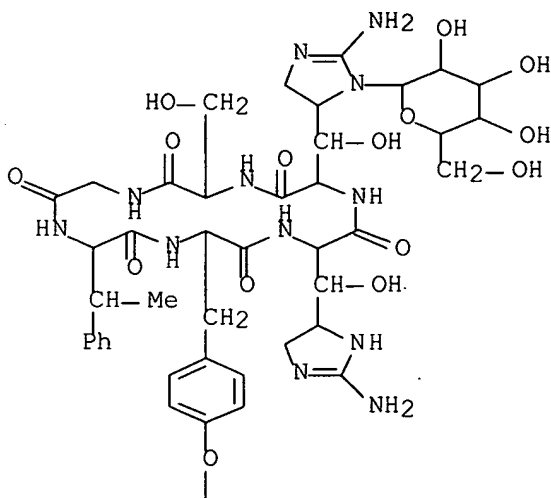
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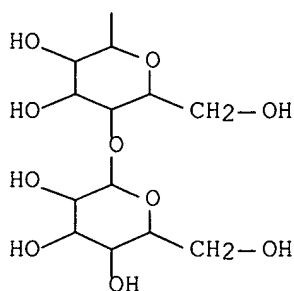
L15 ANSWER 5 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
RN 474327-82-7 REGISTRY  
ED Entered STN: 22 Nov 2002  
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FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE  
MF C54 H78 N12 O25  
CI COM  
SR CA  
LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)  
2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 137:338136

REFERENCE 2: 137:336791

L15 ANSWER 6 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

RN 473722-21-3 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 15 Nov 2002

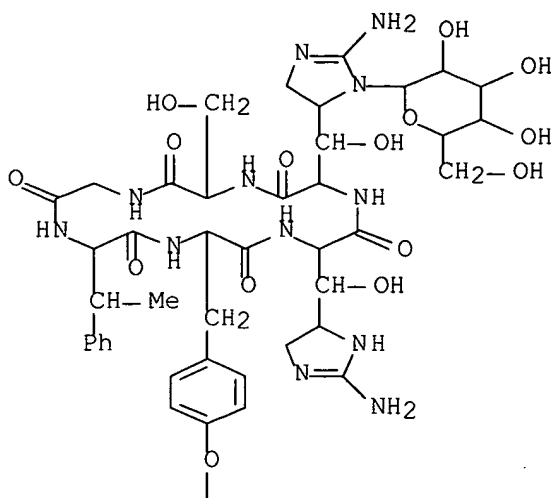
CN Cyclo[glycyl- $\beta$ -methylphenylalanyl-O-(4-O- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl)tyrosyl-3-(2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl)seryl-3-(2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl-1H-imidazol-5-yl)seryl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

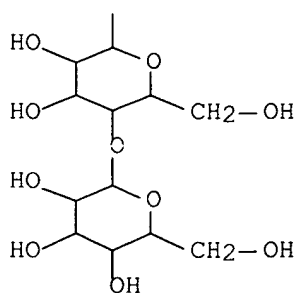
CN AC 98-1  
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 MF C54 H78 N12 O25  
 SR CA  
 LC STN Files: BIOSIS, CA, CAPLUS, TOXCENTER, USPAT2, USPATFULL

\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



3 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)  
 3 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 141:136208

REFERENCE 2: 139:303798

REFERENCE 3: 137:329405

L15 ANSWER 7 OF 7 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 RN 464875-69-2 REGISTRY  
 ED Entered STN: 24 Oct 2002  
 CN Cyclo[glycyl-(βS)-β-methyl-L-phenylalanyl-O-(4-O-α-D-



mannopyranosyl- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl)-D-tyrosyl-(3S)-3-[(4S)-2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl]-L-seryl-(3R)-3-[(5S)-2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl-1H-imidazol-5-yl]-D-seryl-L-seryl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

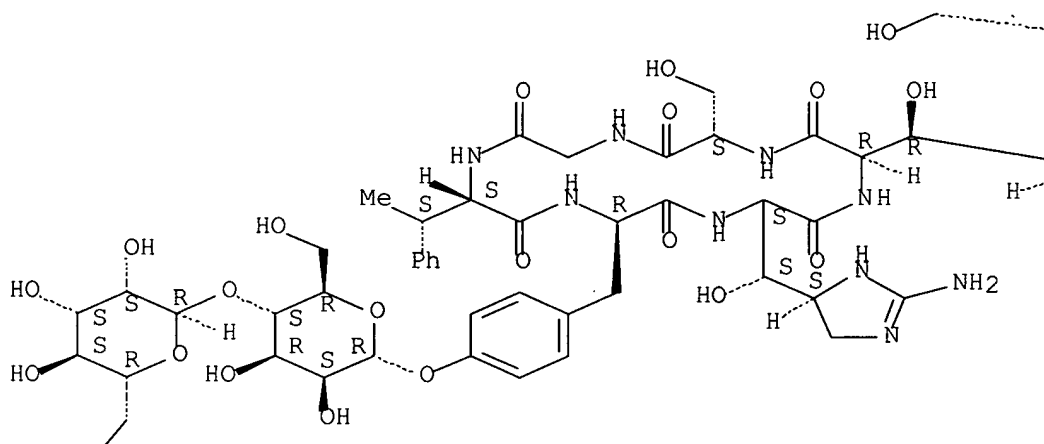
OTHER NAMES:

CN Mannopeptimycin  $\alpha$   
 FS PROTEIN SEQUENCE; STEREOSEARCH  
 MF C54 H78 N12 O25  
 CI COM  
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 LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT

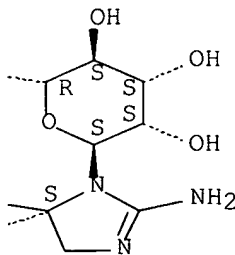
\*\*RELATED SEQUENCES AVAILABLE WITH SEQLINK\*\*

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 1-B



PAGE 2-A



\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

10 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)  
2 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA  
10 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

REFERENCE 1: 145:140899  
REFERENCE 2: 144:407856  
REFERENCE 3: 143:225639  
REFERENCE 4: 141:243814  
REFERENCE 5: 141:157463  
REFERENCE 6: 140:236081  
REFERENCE 7: 139:292472  
REFERENCE 8: 139:127398  
REFERENCE 9: 138:234668  
REFERENCE 10: 137:275446

=> => fil hcaplus

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:33:00 ON 18 SEP 2006  
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 18 Sep 2006 VOL 145 ISS 13  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 17 Sep 2006 (20060917/ED)

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> d l23 bib abs hitstr retable tot

L23 ANSWER 1 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
AN 2002:832983 HCAPLUS Full-text  
DN 137:336791  
TI Preparation of glycopeptide antibiotics  
IN Abbanat, Darren Robert; Bailey, Arthur Emery; Bernan, Valerie Sue;  
Greenstein, Michael; Lotvin, Jason Arnold; Ruppen, Mark Edward;

Sutherland, Alan Gordon; He, Haiyin  
 PA American Cyanamid Company, USA  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 515 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 3

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2002086141	A1	20021031	WO 2002-US13108	20020425 <--
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	RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
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	US 2003054508	A1	20030320	US 2002-132012	20020425 <--
	US 6713448	B2	20040330		
	US 2003087812	A1	20030508	US 2002-131890	20020425 <--
	US 6914045	B2	20050705		
	US 2003092610	A1	20030515	US 2002-131847	20020425 <--
	US 6964860	B2	20051115		
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	US 2005288221	A1	20051229	US 2005-116149	20050427 <--
PRAI	US 2001-286396P	P	20010425	<--	
	US 2001-286244P	P	20010425	<--	
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OS MARPAT 137:336791

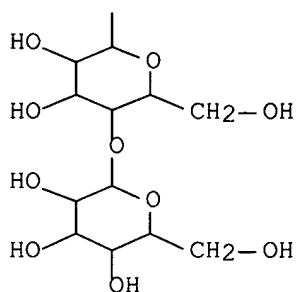
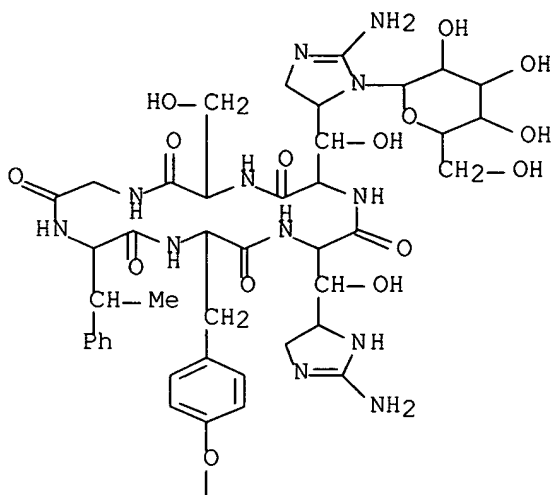
AB The invention provides glycopeptide antibiotics and their derivs. prepared by fermentation of Streptomyces hygroscopicus strains and modified by organic transformation, biochem. transformation and biotransformation. These compds. are useful as antibiotic agents against gram pos. and neg. bacteria.

IT 474327-82-7P

RL: BCP (Biochemical process); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); RCT (Reactant); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (preparation of glycopeptide antibiotics)

RN 474327-82-7 HCAPLUS

CN Cyclo[glycyl- $\beta$ -methylphenylalanyl-O-(4-O-hexopyranosylhexopyranosyl)tyrosyl-3-(2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl)seryl-3-(2-amino-1-hexopyranosyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-5-yl)seryl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 474328-98-8P

RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of glycopeptide antibiotics)

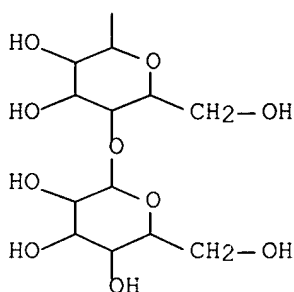
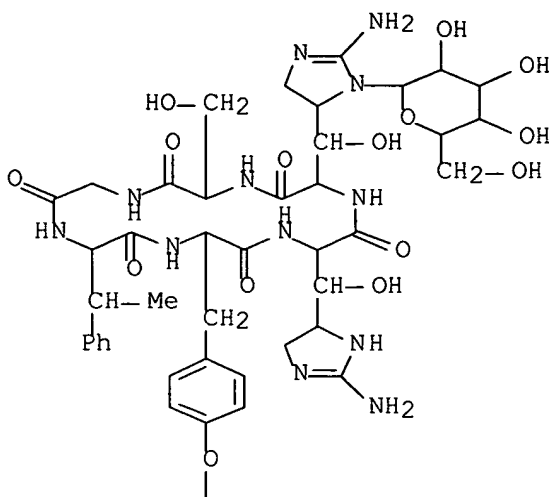
RN 474328-98-8 HCAPLUS

CN Cyclo[glycyl-β-methylphenylalanyl-O-(4-O-hexopyranosylhexopyranosyl)tyrosyl-3-(2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl)seryl-3-(2-amino-1-hexopyranosyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-5-yl)seryl], bis(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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CRN 474327-82-7

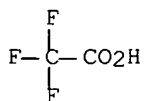
CMF C54 H78 N12 O25



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1

CMF C2 H F3 O2



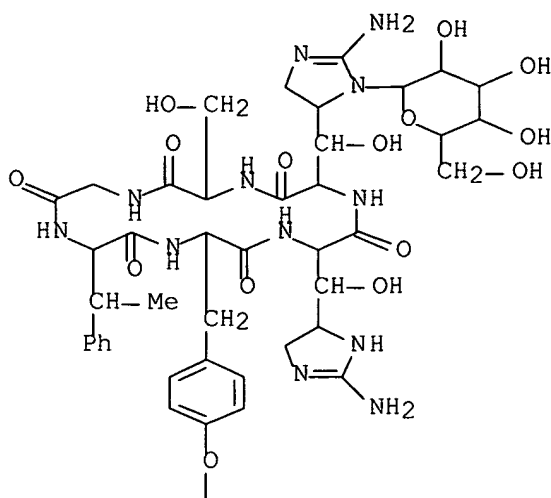
IT 474328-87-5

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(preparation of glycopeptide antibiotics)

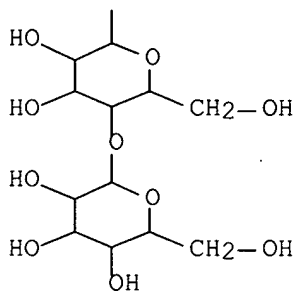
RN 474328-87-5 HCAPLUS

CN Cyclo[glycyl-β-methylphenylalanyl-O-(4-O-hexopyranosylhexopyranosyl)tyrosyl-3-(2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl)seryl-3-(2-amino-1-hexopyranosyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-5-yl)serylseryl], dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



●2 HCl

IT 474328-98-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of glycopeptide antibiotics)

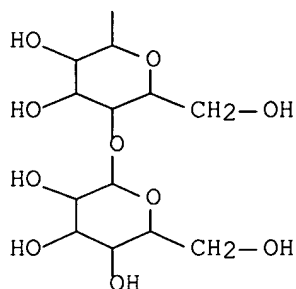
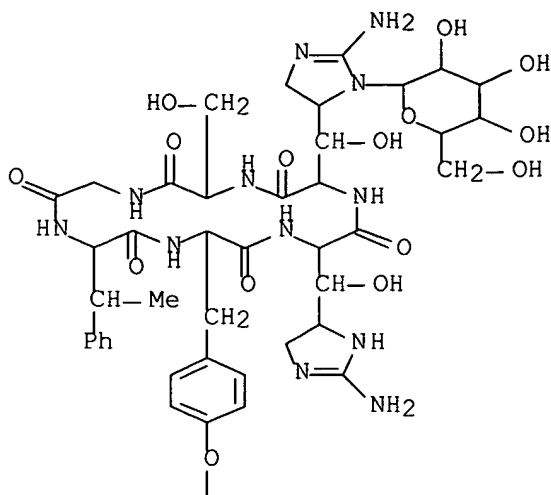
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CM 1

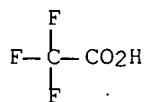
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CMF C54 H78 N12 O25



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1  
CMF C2 H F3 O2



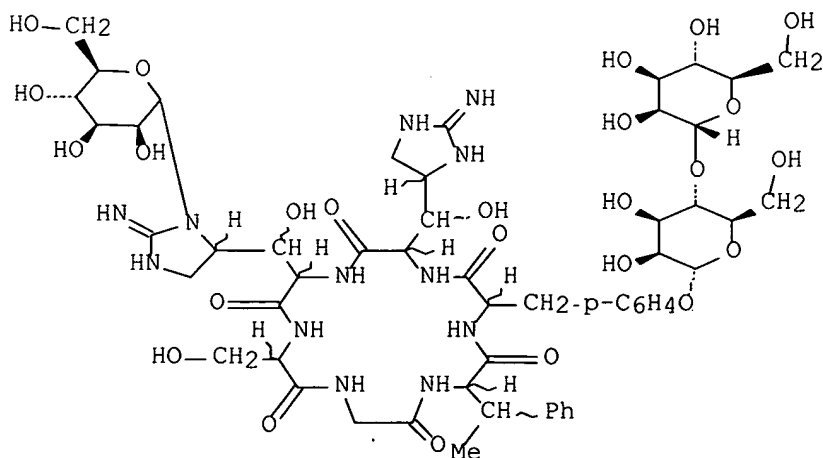
## RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	Year (RPY)	VOL (RVL)	PG (RPG)	Referenced Work (RWK)	Referenced File
de Voe	1970			US 3495004	HCAPLUS

DN 137:329405  
 TI Substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and AC-98-5  
 IN Carter, Guy Thomas; He, Haiyin  
 PA American Cyanamid Company, USA  
 SO PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 3

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2002085403	A1	20021031	WO 2002-US13073	20020425 <--
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	US 2001-286396P	P	20010425	<--	
	US 2002-131847	A3	20020425		
	US 2002-132012	A3	20020425	<--	
	WO 2002-US13073	W	20020425		

GI





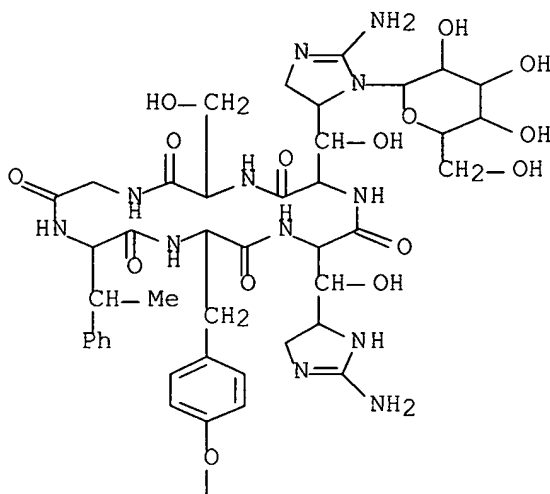
AB The invention provides new substantially pure antibiotics designated **AC-98-1** (I), AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and AC-98-5 derived from the microorganism *Streptomyces hygroscopicus*. The mixture was prepared from a fermentation and the compds. isolated and characterized and their antibacterial activity determined

IT **473722-21-3P, AC 98-1**  
 RL: BMF (Bioindustrial manufacture); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PRP (Properties); PUR (Purification or recovery); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (substantially pure AC-98 glycopeptide antibiotics)

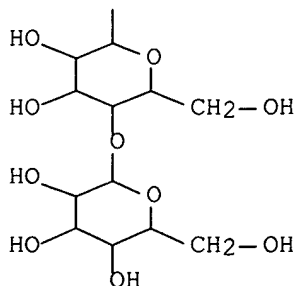
RN 473722-21-3 HCAPLUS

CN Cyclo[glycyl- $\beta$ -methylphenylalanyl-O-(4-O- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl)tyrosyl-3-(2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl)seryl-3-(2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl-1H-imidazol-5-yl)seryl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



# RETABLE

Referenced Author (RAU)	Year (RPY)	VOL (RVL)	PG (RPG)	Referenced Work (RWK)	Referenced File
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=====+=====+=====+=====+=====+=====
Bossi |1999 | | |US 5939523 A |HCAPLUS
de Voe |1970 | | |US 3495004 A |HCAPLUS
Malabarba |1997 | | |US 5648456 A |HCAPLUS

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L23 ANSWER 3 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 2002:832574 HCAPLUS Full-text

DN 137:338136

TI Preparation of glycopeptide antibiotics

IN Abbanat, Darren Robert; Bernan, Valerie Sue; Dushin, Russell George;  
Greenstein, Michael; He, Haiyin; Lang, Stanley Albert; Newman,  
Howard; Sakya, Subas; Sum, Phaik-Eng; Sutherland, Alan Gordon; Wang,  
Ting-Zhong; Ruppen, Mark Edward; Bailey, Arthur Emery; Chi, Ping; Shen,  
Bo; Kong, Fangming; Lotvin, Jason Arnold

PA American Cyanamid Company, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 548 pp.

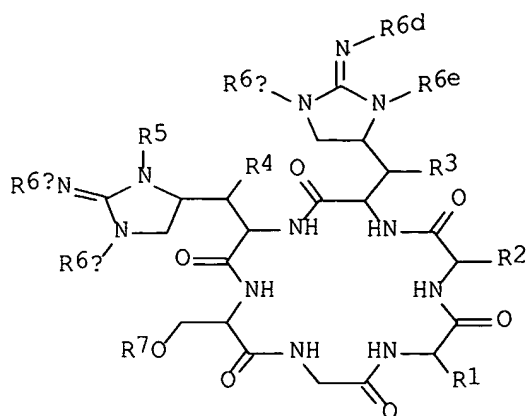
CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 3

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2002085307	A2	20021031	WO 2002-US13120	20020425 <--
	WO 2002085307	A3	20030925		
	W:				
	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,				
	CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,				
	GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,				
	LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,				
	PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,				
	UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
	RW:				
	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,				
	KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB,				
	GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,				
	GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	CA 2444673	AA	20021031	CA 2002-2444673	20020425 <--
	AU 2002303480	A1	20021105	AU 2002-303480	20020425 <--
	US 2003054508	A1	20030320	US 2002-132012	20020425 <--
	US 6713448	B2	20040330		
	US 2003087812	A1	20030508	US 2002-131890	20020425 <--
	US 6914045	B2	20050705		
	US 2003092610	A1	20030515	US 2002-131847	20020425 <--
	US 6964860	B2	20051115		
	EP 1390056	A2	20040225	EP 2002-731505	20020425 <--
	R:				
	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,				
	IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR				
	US 2004158035	A1	20040812	US 2004-771652	20040204 <--
	US 2005288221	A1	20051229	US 2005-116149	20050427 <--
PRAI	US 2001-286244P	P	20010425	<--	
	US 2001-286249P	P	20010425	<--	
	US 2001-286396P	P	20010425	<--	
	US 2002-131847	A3	20020425		
	US 2002-132012	A3	20020425	<--	
	WO 2002-US13120	W	20020425		
OS	MARPAT 137:338136				
GI					



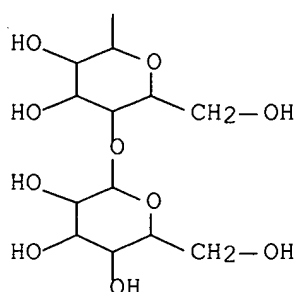
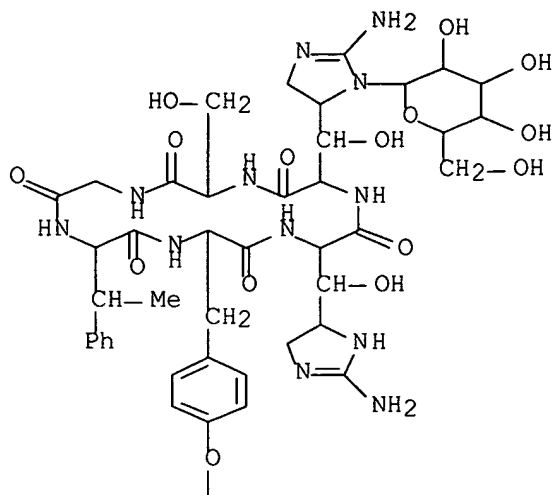
AB Glycopeptide antibiotics I [R1 = 1-phenylethyl, 1-(halophenyl)ethyl, benzyl, 1-(2-thienyl)ethyl, 1-cyclohexylethyl, cyclohexylmethyl, phenyl; R2 = CH<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>2</sub>R<sub>2b</sub>(OR<sub>2a</sub>)R<sub>2c</sub>-3,4,5 (R<sub>2a</sub>, R<sub>2b</sub>, R<sub>2c</sub> = H, (cyclo)alkyl, etc.), 4-R<sub>2a</sub>O-substituted cyclohexylmethyl, cyclohexylmethyl, 2-substituted 5-benzoxazolyl or 5-benzofuranyl; R3, R4 = H, OH, a silyl or acyl group; R5, R6a-R6e = H, (cyclo)alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, acyl, 2- or 4-nitrophenyl, certain heterocyclic groups; R7 = H, (cyclo)alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, a silyl or acyl group (with provisos)] or their pharmaceutically-acceptable salts were prepared and assayed for biol. activity. Thus, cyclo[3-cyclohexyl-2-aminobutanoyl-O-(4-O-hexopyranosylhexopyranosyl)tyrosyl-3-(2-iminoimidazolidin-4-yl)seryl-3-(3-hexopyranosyl-2-iminoimidazolidin-4-yl)serylserylglycyl] (claimed compound) was prepared and showed MIC = 32 and 4 µg/mL for inhibition of *Staphylococcus aureus* (GC 1131) and Coagulase Neg. *Staphylococcus* (GC 4549), resp.

IT 474327-82-7P

RL: BCP (Biochemical process); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); RCT (Reactant); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(preparation of glycopeptide antibiotics)

RN 474327-82-7 HCAPLUS

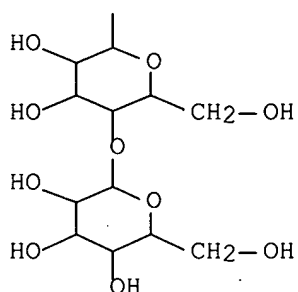
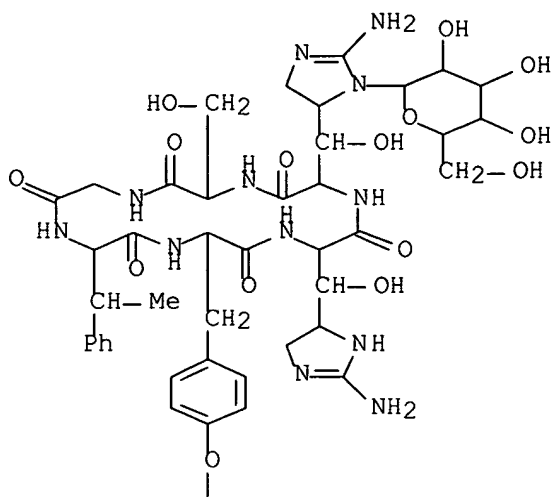
CN Cyclo[glycyl-β-methylphenylalanyl-O-(4-O-hexopyranosylhexopyranosyl)tyrosyl-3-(2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl)seryl-3-(2-amino-1-hexopyranosyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-5-yl)serylseryl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT **474328-98-8P**  
 RL: BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP  
 (Preparation)  
 (preparation of glycopeptide antibiotics)  
 RN 474328-98-8 HCAPLUS  
 CN Cyclo[glycyl-β-methylphenylalanyl-O-(4-O-  
 hexopyranosylhexopyranosyl)tyrosyl-3-(2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-  
 yl)seryl-3-(2-amino-1-hexopyranosyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-5-  
 yl)serylseryl], bis(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

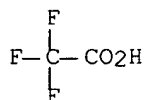
CRN 474327-82-7  
 CMF C54 H78 N12 O25



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1

CMF C2 H F3 O2



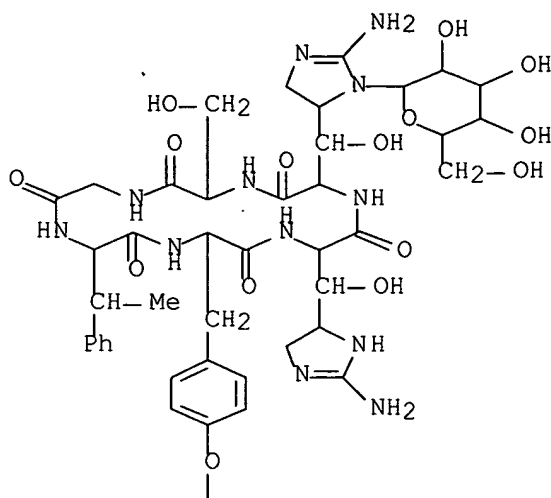
IT 474328-87-5

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (preparation of glycopeptide antibiotics)

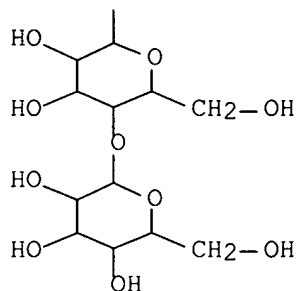
RN 474328-87-5 HCAPLUS

CN Cyclo[glycyl-β-methylphenylalanyl-O-(4-O-hexopyranosylhexopyranosyl)tyrosyl-3-(2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl)seryl-3-(2-amino-1-hexopyranosyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-5-yl)seryl], dihydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



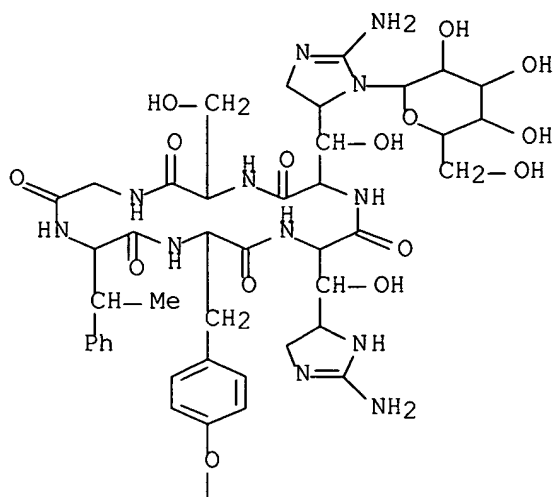
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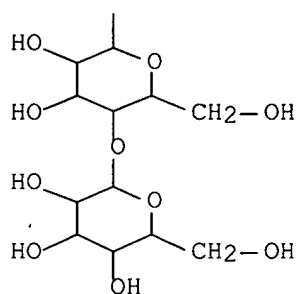
● 2 HCl

IT 474328-98-8P  
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
 (preparation of glycopeptide antibiotics)  
 RN 474328-98-8 HCAPLUS  
 CN Cyclo[glycyl-β-methylphenylalanyl-O-(4-O-hexopyranosylhexopyranosyl)tyrosyl-3-(2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl)seryl-3-(2-amino-1-hexopyranosyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-5-yl)serylseryl], bis(trifluoroacetate) (salt) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)  
 CM 1  
 CRN 474327-82-7  
 CMF C54 H78 N12 O25

PAGE 1-A



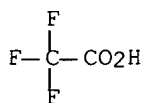
PAGE 2-A



CM 2

CRN 76-05-1

CMF C2 H F3 O2



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FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 10:33:17 ON 18 SEP 2006

CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2006 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE COVERS 1971 TO PATENT PUBLICATION DATE: 14 Sep 2006 (20060914/PD)

FILE LAST UPDATED: 14 Sep 2006 (20060914/ED)

HIGHEST GRANTED PATENT NUMBER: US7107620  
HIGHEST APPLICATION PUBLICATION NUMBER: US2006206975  
CA INDEXING IS CURRENT THROUGH 12 Sep 2006 (20060912/UPCA)  
ISSUE CLASS FIELDS (/INCL) CURRENT THROUGH: 14 Sep 2006 (20060914/PD)  
REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Jun 2006  
USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Jun 2006

=> d 126 bib abs kwic hitstr tot

L26 ANSWER 1 OF 5 USPATFULL on STN  
AN 2005:331236 USPATFULL Full-text  
TI Glycopeptide antibiotics  
IN Lotvin, Jason Arnold, Union, NJ, UNITED STATES  
Ruppen, Mark Edward, Garnerville, NY, UNITED STATES  
PA Wyeth Holdings Corporation, Madison, NJ, UNITED STATES, 07940 (U.S. corporation)  
PI US 2005288221 A1 20051229  
AI US 2005-116149 A1 20050427 (11)  
RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2002-131847, filed on 25 Apr 2002, PENDING  
PRAI US 2001-286396P 20010425 (60) <--  
US 2001-286244P 20010425 (60) <--  
US 2001-286249P 20010425 (60) <--  
DT Utility  
FS APPLICATION  
LREP WYETH, PATENT LAW GROUP, 5 GIRALDA FARMS, MADISON, NJ, 07940, US  
CLMN Number of Claims: 18  
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1-88  
DRWN No Drawings  
LN.CNT 17141

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention provides compounds of formula ##STR1## Wherein R.sup.1, R.sup.2, R.sup.3, R.sup.4, R.sup.5, R.sup.6a, R.sup.6b, R.sup.6c, R.sup.6d, R.sup.6e and R.sup.7 are defined in the specification. These compounds are useful as antibiotic agents.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

PRAI US 2001-286396P 20010425 (60) <--  
PRAI US 2001-286244P 20010425 (60) <--  
PRAI US 2001-286249P 20010425 (60) <--  
DETD . . . strain LL4600, the complex may also be prepared. Further separation of the complex of antibiotics by HPLC into individual components AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and AC-98-5 and determination of the chemical structures by spectroscopy is described in copending provisional patent application. . . filed Apr. 25, 2001. The structures of the individual components are shown below.

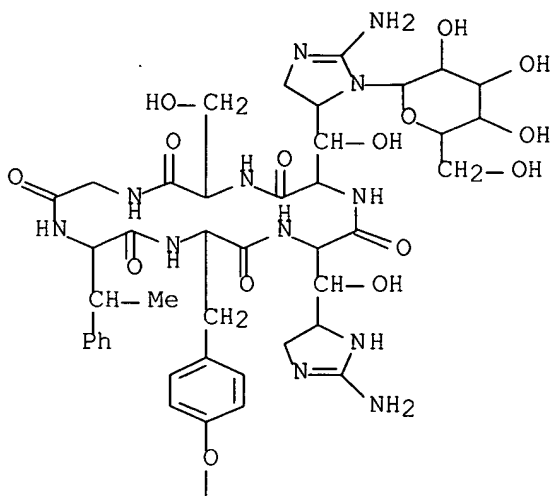
R.sup.1 R.sup.2  
R.sup.3 R.sup.4 R.sup.5

AC- 98-1 ##STR113## ##STR114##  
OH OH ##STR115##  
AC- 98-2 ##STR116## ##STR117##  
OH OH ##STR118##  
AC- 98-3 ##STR119## ##STR120##

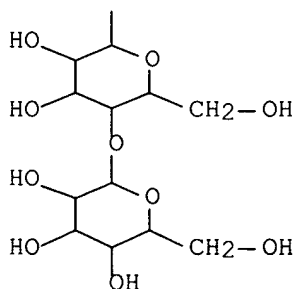


OH OH ##STR121##  
AC-. . .  
IT 473721-39-0P, AC 98-5 473722-21-3P, AC 98-1 473722-22-4P, AC  
98-2 473722-23-5P, AC 98-3 473722-24-6P, AC 98-4  
(substantially pure AC-98 glycopeptide antibiotics)  
IT 473722-21-3P, AC 98-1  
(substantially pure AC-98 glycopeptide antibiotics)  
RN 473722-21-3 USPTAFULL  
CN Cyclo[glycyl- $\beta$ -methylphenylalanyl-O-(4-O- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl-  
 $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl)tyrosyl-3-(2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-  
yl)seryl-3-(2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl-1H-imidazol-5-  
yl)seryl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



L26 ANSWER 2 OF 5 USPTAFULL on STN  
AN 2004:204143 USPTAFULL Full-text  
TI Substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-  
1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and AC-98-5  
IN Carter, Guy Thomas, New City, NY, UNITED STATES  
He, Haiyin, Washington Township, NJ, UNITED STATES  
PA Wyeth Holdings Corporation, Madison, NJ, 07940 (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2004158035 A1 20040812  
 AI US 2004-771652 A1 20040204 (10)  
 RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2002-132012, filed on 25 Apr 2002, GRANTED, Pat.  
 No. US 6713448  
 PRAI US 2001-286249P 20010425 (60) <--  
 US 2001-286244P 20010425 (60) <--  
 US 2001-286396P 20010425 (60) <--  
 DT Utility  
 FS APPLICATION  
 LREP WYETH, PATENT LAW GROUP, FIVE GIRALDA FARMS, MADISON, NJ, 07940  
 CLMN Number of Claims: 30  
 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
 DRWN 15 Drawing Page(s)  
 LN.CNT 844  
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
 AB The invention provides new substantially pure antibiotics designated AC-98-1,  
 AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and AC-98-5 derived from the microorganism  
 Streptomyces hygroscopicus.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

TI Substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-  
 1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and AC-98-5  
 PRAI US 2001-286249P 20010425 (60) <--  
 PRAI US 2001-286244P 20010425 (60) <--  
 PRAI US 2001-286396P 20010425 (60) <--  
 AB The invention provides new substantially pure antibiotics designated AC-98-1,  
 AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and AC-98-5 derived from the microorganism  
 Streptomyces hygroscopicus.  
 SUMM [0003] This invention relates to new substantially pure glycopeptide  
 antibiotics, designated AC-98-1, AC-98-2,  
 AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and AC-98-5, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts  
 thereof, to methods for the preparation and isolation of such  
 antibiotics, . . .  
 DRWD [0006] FIG. 1 shows the infrared absorption spectrum of AC-  
 98-1  
 DRWD [0011] FIG. 6 shows the proton nuclear magnetic resonance spectrum of  
 AC-98-1  
 DRWD [0016] FIG. 11 shows the carbon-13 nuclear magnetic resonance spectrum  
 of AC-98-1  
 DETD [0021] New substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics designated  
 AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and  
 AC-98-5 or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof have now been  
 found.  
 DETD [0022] The structure of AC-98-1 is:  
 ##STR1##  
 DETD [0023] The physico chemical characteristics of AC-98  
 -1 are as follows:  
 DETD [0063] In particular the structures of substantially pure AC-  
 98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and AC-98-5 are:  
 ##STR6## ##STR7##  
 DETD [0064] This invention provides a method of preparing, separating and  
 isolating substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-  
 98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 from a  
 recovered complex mixture.  
 DETD [0065] This invention further provides a method for preparing  
 substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotic AC-98-  
 1 comprising the steps of:  
 DETD . . . strain of Streptomyces hygroscopicus in a suitable culture  
 medium under aerobic conditions to produce a mixture of AC-98

antibiotics containing **AC-98-1**;

DETD [0067] b. recovering said mixture of AC-98 antibiotics containing **AC-98-1**; and

DETD [0068] c. separating and isolating substantially pure **AC-98-1** as the trifluoroacetic acid salt by reverse phase high pressure liquid chromatography with a mobile phase gradient of about 11%. . .

DETD [0090] It is understood that this invention encompasses all crystalline forms of substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics **AC-98-1**, **AC-98-2**, **AC-98-3**, **AC-98-4** and **AC-98-5**. Further, substantially pure antibiotics **AC-98-1**, **AC-98-2**, **AC-98-3**, **AC-98-4** and **AC-98-5** may be obtained as pharmaceutically acceptable salts which are those derived from such organic and. . .

DETD [0092] The present invention accordingly provides a pharmaceutical composition which comprises a substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotic **AC-98-1**, **AC-98-2**, **AC-98-3**, **AC-98-4** or **AC-98-5** or a mixture thereof in combination or association with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. In particular, the present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition which comprises an effective amount of substantially pure **AC-98-1**, **AC-98-2**, **AC-98-3**, **AC-98-4** or **AC-98-5** or a mixture thereof and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

DETD . . . bacterial infections in warm blooded animals which comprise administering to said animals an antibacterially effective amount of a substantially pure **AC-98-1**, **AC-98-2**, **AC-98-3**, **AC-98-4** or **AC-98-5** or a mixture thereof. Warm blooded animals includes humans.

DETD [0094] New substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics **AC-98-1**, **AC-98-2**, **AC-98-3**, **AC-98-4** and **AC-98-5** are obtained from a complex AC-98 antibiotic mixture which is produced by aerobic fermentation of. . .

DETD . . . collected as a AC-98 antibiotic mixture following washing with methanol and acetone. Separating the AC-98 antibiotic mixture into substantially pure **AC-98-1**, **AC-98-2**, **AC-98-3**, **AC-98-4** or **AC-98-5** is described in the present application.

DETD [0096] Experimental efforts showed that the AC-98 mixture could not be effectively separated into substantially pure **AC-98-1**, **AC-98-2**, **AC-98-3**, **AC-98-4** and **AC-98-5** using reverse phase HPLC on C-18 columns which included Dynamax and Phenomenex C-18 columns (60A. . . acid to control the acidity in the range of pH 3.5 and 5.5. The purification of the substantially pure antibiotics **AC-98-1**, **AC-98-2**, **AC-98-3**, **AC-98-4**, and **AC-98-5** from the AC-98 antibiotic mixture is finally achieved by dissolving the AC-98 mixture in water. . .

DETD [0097] Separating the substantially pure **AC-98-1**, **AC-98-2**, **AC-98-3**, **AC-98-4** or **AC-98-5** each from the others is accomplished using reverse phase HPLC on a C18 column (YMC. . .

DETD [0098] Substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics **AC-98-1**, **AC-98-2**, **AC-98-3**, **AC-98-4** and **AC-98-5** of this invention are defined as having, a purity of at least 85% when separated each from the others, as determined by high pressure liquid chromatography(HPLC). Preferably, substantially pure **AC-98-1** is obtained with a purity of at least 92%, substantially pure **AC-98-2** is obtained with a purity of at least. . .

DETD [0099] The substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics **AC-98-1**, **AC-98-2**, **AC-98-3**, **AC-98-4**, and **AC-98-5** are isolated, purified and characterized from the AC-98 antibiotic mixture by dissolving the mixture in. . .

DETD . . . suitable culture medium is continued for about 24 to about 240

hours to produce a mixture of AC-98 antibiotics containing AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and AC-98-5. In particular, suitable liquid culture media are listed in Table A.

DETD [0109] Substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 derive their utility from their antibacterial activity. In particular the substantially pure antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and AC-98-5 are active against methicillin-susceptible and methicillin-resistant strains of staphylococci, against penicillin-susceptible and penicillin-resistant streptococci, and. . .

DETD [0110] In therapeutic use, the substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 of this invention may be administered in the form of conventional pharmaceutical compositions appropriate for. . . compositions may be formulated so as to be suitable for oral, parenteral or topical administration. The substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 may be combined in admixture with a nontoxic pharmaceutical carrier, which carrier may take a. . .

DETD [0111] When the substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 are employed for the above utility, they can be combined with one or more pharmaceutically. . . Such pharmaceutical preparations may contain, for example, from about 0.05 up to about 90% of the substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 in combination with the carrier, more usually between about 5% and 60% by weight.

DETD [0112] An antibacterially effective amount of substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 or AC-98-5 from about 0.5 mg/kg body weight to about 200.0 mg/kg of body weight should be. . .

DETD [0113] Additionally, the antibacterially effective amount of the substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 or AC-98-5 may be administered at a dosage and frequency without inducing side effects commonly experienced with. . . effects to normal tissues caused by administration at or above the antibacterially effective amount of the substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 or AC-98-5.

DETD [0116] These substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 may also be administered parenterally or intraperitoneally. Solutions or suspensions of these active compounds as. . .

DETD [0120] The mixture of AC-98 antibiotics is analyzed by HPLC to contain mainly five components, designated as AC-98-1 (17%), AC-98-2 (19%), AC-98-3 (15%), AC-98-4 (29%), and AC-98-5 (4%). The relative quantity of each antibiotic is calculated based on. . .

DETD Substantially Pure Glycopeptide Antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, and AC-98-4 from a Mixture of AC-98 Antibiotics

DETD . . . and upon evaporation infrared, proton nuclear magnetic resonance, and carbon 13 magnetic resonance spectra recorded. The substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and a mixture as trifluoroacetate salts are isolated and listed in Table 1.

TABLE 1

COMPONENT	RETENTION TIME	WEIGHT COLLECTED*
Substantially Pure AC-98-1 35 mg	20 MINUTES	
Substantially Pure AC-98-2	28 MINUTES	29 mg
Substantially Pure AC-98-3	32 MINUTES	25 mg
Substantially Pure. . .		
DETD [0129]	The substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 are tested in the following standard pharmacological test procedures.	
DETD [0130]	The in vitro antibacterial activity of substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 from Examples 2 and 3 is determined against a spectrum of bacteria by a standard agar dilution method. Mueller-Hinton agar containing 5% sheep blood and two-fold decreasing concentrations of substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 from Examples 2 and 3 are poured into petri dishes. The agar surfaces are inoculated. . . for that strain. The results are given in Table II. Table II. In vitro antibacterial activity of substantially pure antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 from Examples 2 and 3	

TABLE II

In vitro antibacterial activity of substantially pure antibiotics AC-98-1,

AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 from Examples 2 and 3

Organism	MIC (mg/mL)			
	AC-98-1	AC-98-2	AC-98-3	AC-98-4
Staphylococcus aureus (NEMC-89-4)	>128	64	8	8
4				
Staphylococcus aureus (ID-2371)	>128	128	8	8
4				
Staphylococcus aureus (ID-2727). . .				
DETD [0131]	The in vivo antibacterial activity of substantially pure glycopeptides AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 is established by infecting female CD-1 mice from Charles River Laboratories, weighing 20+/-2 g each,. . . of water. The results of this test are given in Table III.			

TABLE III

In vivo antibacterial activity of substantially pureglycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and

AC-98-5 from Examples 2 and 3

Compound	ED.sub.50 (iv, mg/kg) Staphylococcus aureus
AC-98-1	20
AC-98-2	>32
AC-98-3	3.8
AC-98-4	2.6
AC-98-5	0.6

CLM What is claimed is:

21. A method for preparing substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotic

AC-98-1 comprising the steps of: a. cultivating a suitable producing strain of *Streptomyces hygroscopicus* in a suitable culture medium under aerobic conditions to produce a mixture of AC-98 antibiotics containing AC-98-1; b. recovering said mixture of AC-98 antibiotics containing AC-98-1; and c. separating and isolating substantially pure AC-98-1 as the trifluoroacetic acid salt by reverse phase high pressure liquid chromatography with a mobile phase gradient of about 11%.

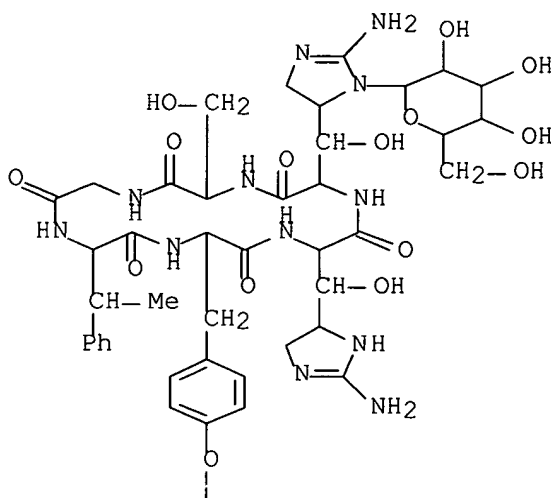
IT 473721-39-0P, AC 98-5 473722-21-3P, AC 98-1 473722-22-4P, AC 98-2 473722-23-5P, AC 98-3 473722-24-6P, AC 98-4 (substantially pure AC-98 glycopeptide antibiotics)

IT 473722-21-3P, AC 98-1 (substantially pure AC-98 glycopeptide antibiotics)

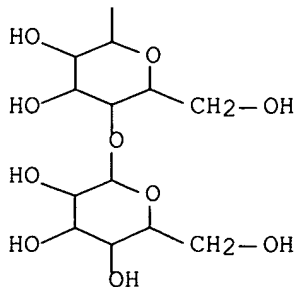
RN 473722-21-3 USPTAFULL

CN Cyclo[glycyl- $\beta$ -methylphenylalanyl-O-(4-O- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl)tyrosyl-3-(2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl)seryl-3-(2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl-1H-imidazol-5-yl)seryl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



L26 ANSWER 3 OF 5 USPATFULL on STN  
 AN 2003:134523 USPATFULL Full-text  
 TI Glycopeptide antibiotics  
 IN Abbanat, Darren Robert, Cornwall, NY, UNITED STATES  
 Bailey, Arthur Emery, Bethel, CT, UNITED STATES  
 Bernan, Valerie Sue, New City, NY, UNITED STATES  
 Greenstein, Michael, Suffern, NY, UNITED STATES  
 Lotvin, Jason Arnold, Union, NJ, UNITED STATES  
 Ruppen, Mark Edward, Garnerville, NY, UNITED STATES  
 Sutherland, Alan Gordon, New City, NY, UNITED STATES  
 He, Haiyin, Washington Township, NJ, UNITED STATES  
 PA American Cyanamid Company, Madison, NJ (U.S. corporation)  
 PI US 2003092610 A1 20030515  
 US 6964860 B2 20051115  
 AI US 2002-131847 A1 20020425 (10)  
 PRAI US 2001-286396P 20010425 (60) <--  
 US 2001-286249P 20010425 (60) <--  
 US 2001-286244P 20010425 (60) <--  
 DT Utility  
 FS APPLICATION  
 LREP WYETH, PATENT LAW GROUP, FIVE GIRALDA FARMS, MADISON, NJ, 07940  
 CLMN Number of Claims: 105  
 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1  
 DRWN No Drawings  
 LN.CNT 18536  
 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
 AB The invention provides compounds of formula ##STR1##

Wherein R.sup.1, R.sup.2, R.sup.3, R.sup.4, R.sup.5, R.sup.6a, R.sup.6b,  
 R.sup.6c, R.sup.6d, R.sup.6e and R.sup.7 are defined in the specification.  
 These compounds are useful as antibiotic agents.

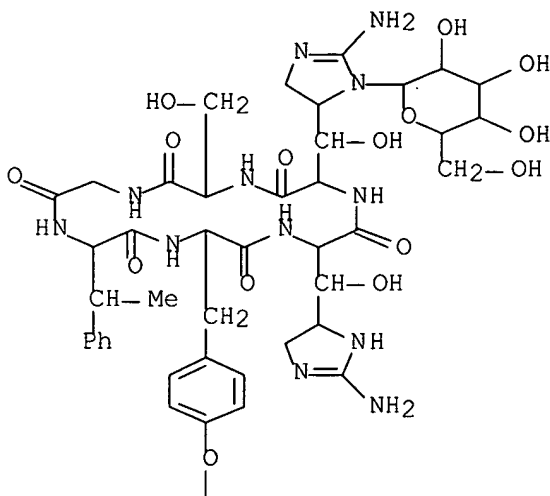
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.  
 PRAI US 2001-286396P 20010425 (60) <--  
 PRAI US 2001-286249P 20010425 (60) <--  
 PRAI US 2001-286244P 20010425 (60) <--  
 SUMM . . . strain LL4600, the complex may also be prepared. Further  
 separation of the complex of antibiotics by HPLC into individual  
 components AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3,  
 AC-98-4 and AC-98-5 and determination of the chemical structures by  
 spectroscopy is described in copending provisional patent application.  
 . . filed Apr. 25, 2001. The structures of the individual components  
 are shown below.

R.sup.1 R.sup.2  
 R.sup.3 R.sup.4 R.sup.5

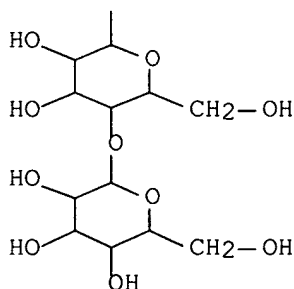
AC- 98-1 ##STR109## ##STR110##  
 OH OH ##STR111##  
 AC- 98-2 ##STR112## ##STR113##  
 OH OH ##STR114##  
 AC- 98-3 ##STR115## ##STR116##  
 OH OH ##STR117##

AC-. . . .  
 IT 473721-39-0P, AC 98-5 **473722-21-3P**, AC 98-1 473722-22-4P, AC  
 98-2 473722-23-5P, AC 98-3 473722-24-6P, AC 98-4  
 (substantially pure AC-98 glycopeptide antibiotics)  
 IT **473722-21-3P**, AC 98-1  
 (substantially pure AC-98 glycopeptide antibiotics)  
 RN 473722-21-3 USPTFLL  
 CN Cyclo[glycyl- $\beta$ -methylphenylalanyl-O-(4-O- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl-  
 $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl)tyrosyl-3-(2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-  
 yl)seryl-3-(2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl-1H-imidazol-5-  
 yl)seryl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



L26 ANSWER 4 OF 5 USPTFLL on STN  
 AN 2003:127597 USPTFLL Full-text  
 TI Glycopeptide antibiotics  
 IN Abbanat, Darren Robert, Cornwall, NY, UNITED STATES  
 Bernan, Valerie Sue, New City, NY, UNITED STATES  
 Dushin, Russell George, Garrison, NY, UNITED STATES  
 Greenstein, Michael, Suffern, NY, UNITED STATES



He, Haiyin, Washington Township, NJ, UNITED STATES  
Lang, Stanley Albert, Carlsbad, CA, UNITED STATES  
Newman, Howard, Monsey, NY, UNITED STATES  
Sakya, Subas, East Lyme, CT, UNITED STATES  
Sum, Phaik-Eng, Pomona, NY, UNITED STATES  
Sutherland, Alan Gordon, New City, NY, UNITED STATES  
Wang, Ting-Zhong, Spring Valley, NY, UNITED STATES  
Lotvin, Jason Arnold, Union, NJ, UNITED STATES  
Ruppen, Mark Edward, Garnerville, NY, UNITED STATES  
Bailey, Arthur Emery, Bethel, CT, UNITED STATES  
Cai, Ping, New City, NY, UNITED STATES  
Shen, Bo, New berry Park, CA, UNITED STATES  
Kong, Fangming, River Vale, NJ, UNITED STATES

PA American Cyanamid Company, Madison, NJ, UNITED STATES (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003087812 A1 20030508

US 6914045 B2 20050705

AI US 2002-131890 A1 20020425 (10)

PRAI US 2001-286396P 20010425 (60) <--

US 2001-286249P 20010425 (60) <--

US 2001-286244P 20010425 (60) <--

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Daniel B. Moran, Five Giralda Farms, Madison, NJ, 07940

CLMN Number of Claims: 128

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 18987

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention provides compounds of formula ##STR1##

Wherein R.sup.1, R.sup.2, R.sup.3, R.sup.4, R.sup.5, R.sup.6a, R.sup.6b,  
R.sup.6c, R.sup.6d, R.sup.6e and R.sup.7 are defined in the specification.  
These compounds are useful as antibiotic agents.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

PRAI US 2001-286396P 20010425 (60) <--

PRAI US 2001-286249P 20010425 (60) <--

PRAI US 2001-286244P 20010425 (60) <--

SUMM . . . strain LL4600, the complex may also be prepared. Further  
separation of the complex of antibiotics by HPLC into individual  
components AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3,  
AC-98-4 and AC-98-5 and determination of the chemical structures by  
spectroscopy is described in copending provisional patent application.  
. . . filed Apr. 25, 2001. The structures of the individual components  
are shown below.

R.sup.1 R.sup.2

R.sup.3 R.sup.4 R.sup.5

AC- 98-1 ##STR110## ##STR111##

OH OH ##STR112##

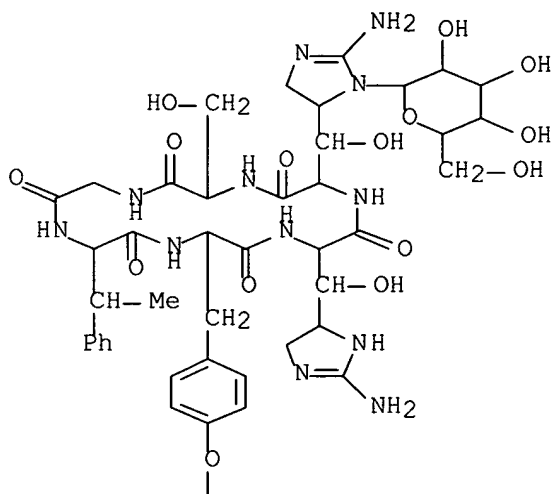
AC- 98-2 ##STR113## ##STR114##

OH OH ##STR115##

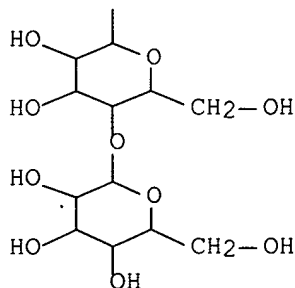
AC- 98-3 ##STR116## ##STR117##  
 OH OH ##STR118##

AC- . . .  
 IT 473721-39-0P, AC 98-5 473722-21-3P, AC 98-1 473722-22-4P, AC  
 98-2 473722-23-5P, AC 98-3 473722-24-6P, AC 98-4  
 (substantially pure AC-98 glycopeptide antibiotics)  
 IT 473722-21-3P, AC 98-1  
 (substantially pure AC-98 glycopeptide antibiotics)  
 RN 473722-21-3 USPATFULL  
 CN Cyclo[glycyl- $\beta$ -methylphenylalanyl-O-(4-O- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl-  
 $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl)tyrosyl-3-(2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-  
 yl)seryl-3-(2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl-1H-imidazol-5-  
 yl)seryl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



L26 ANSWER 5 OF 5 USPATFULL on STN  
 AN 2003:78588 USPATFULL Full-text  
 TI Substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-  
 1; AC-98-2; AC-98-3; AC-98-4 AND AC-98-5  
 IN Carter, Guy Thomas, New City, NY, UNITED STATES

He, Haiyin, Washington Township, NJ, UNITED STATES

PA American Cyanamid Company, Madison, NJ, UNITED STATES (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003054508 A1 20030320

US 6713448 B2 20040330

AI US 2002-132012 A1 20020425 (10)

PRAI US 2001-286396P 20010425 (60) <--

US 2001-286244P 20010425 (60) <--

US 2001-286249P 20010425 (60) <--

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP Daniel B. Moran, Five Giralda Farms, Madison, NJ, 07940

CLMN Number of Claims: 30

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 15 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 835

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention provides new substantially pure antibiotics designated AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and AC-98-5 derived from the microorganism *Streptomyces hygroscopicus*.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

TI Substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1; AC-98-2; AC-98-3; AC-98-4 AND AC-98-5

PRAI US 2001-286396P 20010425 (60) <--

PRAI US 2001-286244P 20010425 (60) <--

PRAI US 2001-286249P 20010425 (60) <--

AB The invention provides new substantially pure antibiotics designated AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and AC-98-5 derived from the microorganism *Streptomyces hygroscopicus*.

SUMM [0003] This invention relates to new substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics, designated AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and AC-98-5, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof, to methods for the preparation and isolation of such antibiotics, . . .

DRWD [0006] FIG. 1 shows the infrared absorption spectrum of AC-98-1

DRWD [0011] FIG. 6 shows the proton nuclear magnetic resonance spectrum of AC-98-1

DRWD [0016] FIG. 11 shows the carbon-13 nuclear magnetic resonance spectrum of AC-98-1

DETD [0021] New substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics designated AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and AC-98-5 or pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof have now been found.

DETD [0022] The structure of AC-98-1 is:  
##STR1##

DETD [0023] The physico chemical characteristics of AC-98-1 are as follows:

DETD [0067] In particular the structures of substantially pure AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and AC-98-5 are:  
##STR6##

DETD [0068] This invention provides a method of preparing, separating and isolating substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 from a recovered complex mixture.

DETD [0069] This invention further provides a method for preparing substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotic AC-98-1 comprising the steps of:

DETD . . . strain of *Streptomyces hygroscopicus* in a suitable culture

medium under aerobic conditions to produce a mixture of AC-98 antibiotics containing AC-98-1;

DETD [0071] b. recovering said mixture of AC-98 antibiotics containing AC-98-1; and

DETD [0072] c. separating and isolating substantially pure AC-98-1 as the trifluoroacetic acid salt by reverse phase high pressure liquid chromatography with a mobile phase gradient of about 11%.

DETD [0094] It is understood that this invention encompasses all crystalline forms of substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and AC-98-5. Further, substantially pure antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and AC-98-5 may be obtained as pharmaceutically acceptable salts which are those derived from such organic and.

DETD [0096] The present invention accordingly provides a pharmaceutical composition which comprises a substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotic AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 or AC-98-5 or a mixture thereof in combination or association with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier. In particular, the present invention provides a pharmaceutical composition which comprises an effective amount of substantially pure AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 or AC-98-5 or a mixture thereof and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

DETD . . . bacterial infections in warm blooded animals which comprise administering to said animals an antibacterially effective amount of a substantially pure AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 or AC-98-5 or a mixture thereof. Warm blooded animals includes humans.

DETD [0098] New substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and AC-98-5 are obtained from a complex AC-98 antibiotic mixture which is produced by aerobic fermentation of. . . collected as a AC-98 antibiotic mixture following washing with methanol and acetone. Separating the AC-98 antibiotic mixture into substantially pure AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 or AC-98-5 is described in the present application.

DETD [0099] Experimental efforts showed that the AC-98 mixture could not be effectively separated into substantially pure AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and AC-98-5 using reverse phase HPLC on C-18 columns which included Dynamax and Phenomenex C-18 columns (60A. . . acid to control the acidity in the range of pH 3.5 and 5.5. The purification of the substantially pure antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 from the AC-98 antibiotic mixture is finally achieved by dissolving the AC-98 mixture in water.

DETD [0100] Separating the substantially pure AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 or AC-98-5 each from the others is accomplished using reverse phase HPLC on a C18 column (YMC. . .

DETD [0101] Substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and AC-98-5 of this invention are defined as having, a purity of at least 85% when separated each from the others, as determined by high pressure liquid chromatography(HPLC). Preferably, substantially pure AC-98-1 is obtained with a purity of at least 92%, substantially pure AC-98-2 is obtained with a purity of at least.

DETD [0102] The substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 are isolated, purified and characterized from the AC-98 antibiotic mixture by dissolving the mixture in.

DETD . . . suitable culture medium is continued for about 24 to about 240 hours to produce a mixture of AC-98 antibiotics containing AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and AC-98-5. In particular, suitable liquid culture media are listed in Table A.

DETD [0110] Substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 derive their utility from their antibacterial activity. In particular the substantially pure antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and AC-98-5 are active against methicillin-susceptible and methicillin-resistant strains of staphylococci, against penicillin-susceptible and penicillin-resistant streptococci, and. . .

DETD [0111] In therapeutic use, the substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 of this invention may be administered in the form of conventional pharmaceutical compositions appropriate for. . . compositions may be formulated so as to be suitable for oral, parenteral or topical administration. The substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 may be combined in admixture with a nontoxic pharmaceutical carrier, which carrier may take a. . .

DETD [0112] When the substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 are employed for the above utility, they can be combined with one or more pharmaceutically. . . Such pharmaceutical preparations may contain, for example, from about 0.05 up to about 90% of the substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 in combination with the carrier, more usually between about 5% and 60% by weight.

DETD [0113] An antibacterially effective amount of substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 or AC-98-5 from about 0.5 mg/kg of body weight to about 200.0 mg/kg of body weight should. . .

DETD [0114] Additionally, the antibacterially effective amount of the substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 or AC-98-5 may be administered at a dosage and frequency without inducing side effects commonly experienced with. . . effects to normal tissues caused by administration at or above the antibacterially effective amount of the substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 or AC-98-5.

DETD [0117] These substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 may also be administered parenterally or intraperitoneally. Solutions or suspensions of these active compounds as. . .

DETD [0121] The mixture of AC-98 antibiotics is analyzed by HPLC to contain mainly five components, designated as AC-98-1 (17%), AC-98-2 (19%), AC-98-3 (15%), AC-98-4 (29%), and AC-98-5 (4%). The relative quantity of each antibiotic is calculated based on. . .

DETD Substantially Pure Glycopeptide Antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, and AC-98-4 From a Mixture of AC-98 Antibiotics

DETD . . . and upon evaporation infrared, proton nuclear magnetic resonance, and carbon 13 magnetic resonance spectra recorded. The substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4 and a mixture as trifluoroacetate salts are isolated and listed in Table 1.

TABLE 1

COMPONENT	RETENTION TIME	WEIGHT COLLECTED*
Substantially Pure AC-98-1 35 mg	20 MINUTES	
Substantially Pure AC-98-2	28 MINUTES	29 mg
Substantially Pure AC-98-3	32 MINUTES	25 mg
Substantially Pure AC-98-4	37 MINUTES.	
DETD [0130]	The substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 are tested in the following standard pharmacological test procedures.	
DETD [0131]	The in vitro antibacterial activity of substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 from Examples 2 and 3 is determined against a spectrum of bacteria by a standard agar dilution method. Mueller-Hinton agar containing 5% sheep blood and two-fold decreasing concentrations of substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 from Examples 2 and 3 are poured into petri dishes. The agar surfaces are inoculated. . . concentration for that strain. The results are given in Table II.	

TABLE II

In vitro antibacterial activity of substantially pure antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 from Examples 2 and 3

Organism	MIC (mg/mL)			
	AC-98-2	AC-98-3	AC-98-4	AC-98-5
Staphylococcus aureus (NEMC-89-4) 4			>128	64 8 8
Staphylococcus aureus (ID-2371) 4			>128	128 8 8
Staphylococcus aureus (ID-2727).				
DETD [0132]	The in vivo antibacterial activity of substantially pure glycopeptides AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 is established by infecting female CD-1 mice from Charles River Laboratories, weighing 20+/-2 g each, . . . water. The results of this test are given in Table III.			

TABLE III

In vivo antibacterial activity of substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotics AC-98-1, AC-98-2, AC-98-3, AC-98-4, and AC-98-5 from Examples 2 and 3

Compound	ED.sub.50 (iv, mg/kg) Staphylococcus aureus
AC-98-1	20
AC-98-2	>32
AC-98-3	3.8
AC-98-4	2.6
AC-98-5	0.6
CLM	What is claimed is: 21. A method for preparing substantially pure glycopeptide antibiotic AC-98-1 comprising the steps of: a.

cultivating a suitable producing strain of *Streptomyces hygroscopicus* in a suitable culture medium under aerobic conditions to produce a mixture of AC-98 antibiotics containing AC-98-1;

b. recovering said mixture of AC-98 antibiotics containing AC-98-1; and c. separating and isolating substantially pure AC-98-1 as the trifluoroacetic acid

salt by reverse phase high pressure liquid chromatography with a mobile phase gradient of about 11%.

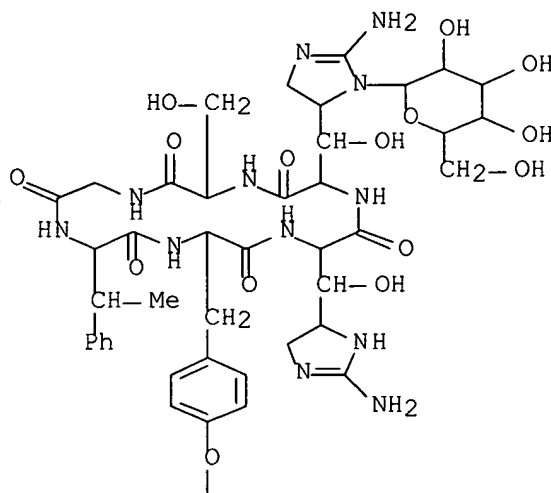
IT 473721-39-0P, AC 98-5 473722-21-3P, AC 98-1 473722-22-4P, AC 98-2 473722-23-5P, AC 98-3 473722-24-6P, AC 98-4 (substantially pure AC-98 glycopeptide antibiotics)

IT 473722-21-3P, AC 98-1 (substantially pure AC-98 glycopeptide antibiotics)

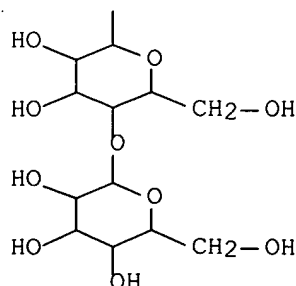
RN 473722-21-3 USPTFULL

CN Cyclo[glycyl- $\beta$ -methylphenylalanyl-O-(4-O- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl)tyrosyl-3-(2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-4-yl)seryl-3-(2-amino-4,5-dihydro-1- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranosyl-1H-imidazol-5-yl)seryl] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



=> => d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 10:15:12 ON 18 SEP 2006)  
DEL HIS

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:16:11 ON 18 SEP 2006

L1 3 S (US20040158035 OR US6713448 OR US20030054508)/PN OR (US2004-7  
E CARTER/AU  
E CARTER G/AU  
L2 369 S E3,E26  
E CARTER GUY/AU  
L3 106 S E3-E6  
E HE/AU  
E HE H/AU  
L4 239 S E3  
L5 23 S E19  
L6 8 S E21  
L7 11 S E41  
L8 43 S E85

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:19:56 ON 18 SEP 2006

L9 5 S 473722-21-3 OR 473722-22-4 OR 473722-23-5 OR 473722-24-6 OR 4  
L10 1 S L9 AND C54H78N12O25  
L11 7 S C54H78N12O25 AND OC5/ES AND C6/ES AND NCNC2/ES  
L12 7 S L11 AND 8/NR  
L13 7 S L10,L11,L12  
L14 2 S (464875-69-2 OR 434327-82-7 OR 473722-21-3)/CRN  
L15 7 S L13,L14

FILE 'HCAOLD' ENTERED AT 10:28:05 ON 18 SEP 2006

L16 0 S L15

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:28:08 ON 18 SEP 2006

L17 16 S L15  
L18 2 S AC 98 1  
L19 16 S L17,L18  
L20 12 S (MANNOPEPTIMYCIN? OR MANNOPEPTIMICIN?) (2A)ALPHA  
L21 14 S (MANNOPEPTIMYCIN? OR MANNOPEPTIMICIN?) NOT L20  
L22 3 S L19-L21 AND (PY<=2001 OR PRY<=2001 OR AY<=2001)  
L23 3 S L22 AND L1-L8

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 10:31:28 ON 18 SEP 2006

L24 7 S L15 OR L18  
L25 2 S L20 OR L21  
L26 5 S L24-L25 AND (PY<=2001 OR PRY<=2001 OR AY<=2001)

FILE 'HCAPLUS, USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 10:32:26 ON 18 SEP 2006

L27 8 DUP REM L23 L26 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 10:32:42 ON 18 SEP 2006

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:33:00 ON 18 SEP 2006

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 10:33:17 ON 18 SEP 2006

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 10:33:39 ON 18 SEP 2006

L28 3 S L15 OR L18  
L29 0 S L28 AND PY<=2001  
L30 0 S (MANNOPEPTIMYCIN? OR MANNOPEPTIMICIN?) AND PY<=2001



FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 10:34:25 ON 18 SEP 2006

L31 23 S L15 OR L18 OR MANNOPEPTIMYCIN? OR MANNOPEPTIMICIN?  
L32 0 S L31 AND PY<=2001

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 10:34:59 ON 18 SEP 2006

L33 0 S L31 AND PY<=2001

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 10:35:28 ON 18 SEP 2006

L34 0 S L18 OR MANNOPEPTIMYCIN? OR MANNOPEPTIMICIN? OR MANNO() (PEPTIM

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